

# St Alban's C.E Primary School



## **Mental Health and Well-Being policy**

**November 2025**

**Staff consulted: November 2025**

**Review date: November 2026**

# St. Alban's CE Primary School vision



Our vision is that all our pupils should grow in:

**Faith** in God, or be inspired by faith, and in their own ability to fulfil their potential,

**Hope** to be the best of examples, to work to change themselves and the world for the better, and

**Love**, reflecting God's love in unselfish love for others.

Our vision is based on the God given virtues of:

## **FAITH, HOPE AND LOVE**

1 Corinthians 13:13

## **1. Why mental health and wellbeing is important**

At St. Alban's CE Primary School, we aim to promote positive mental health and wellbeing for our whole school community; pupils, staff, parents and carers, and recognise how important mental health and emotional wellbeing is to our lives in just the same way as physical health. We recognise that children's mental health is a crucial factor in their overall wellbeing and can affect their learning and achievement. All children go through ups and downs through their school career/life and some face significant life events. About 1 in 10 children aged 5 to 16 have a diagnosable mental health need and these can have an enormous impact on their quality of life, relationships and academic achievement. In many cases it is life-limiting.

The Department for Education (DfE) recognises that:  
"Schools have an important role to play in supporting the mental health and wellbeing of children by developing whole school approaches tailored to their particular needs, as well as considering the needs of individual pupils". DfE Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools November 2018.

Schools can be a place for children and young people to experience a nurturing and supportive environment that has the potential to develop self-esteem and give positive experiences for overcoming adversity and building resilience. For some, school will be a place of respite from difficult home lives and offer positive role models and relationships, which are critical in promoting pupils wellbeing and can help engender a sense of belonging and community.

Our role in school is to ensure that they are able to manage times of change and stress, be resilient, are supported to reach their potential and access help when they need it. We also have a role to ensure that pupils learn about what they can do to maintain positive mental health, what affects their mental health, how they can help reduce the stigma surrounding mental health issues and where they can go if they need help and support.

Our aim is to help develop the protective factors which build resilience to mental health problems and be a school where

- All pupils are valued
- Pupils have a sense of belonging and feel safe
- Pupils feel able to talk openly with trusted adults about their problems without feeling any stigma
- Positive mental health is promoted and valued
- Bullying is not tolerated

In addition to children's wellbeing, we recognise the importance of promoting staff mental health and wellbeing.

## **2. Purpose of the policy**

This policy sets out

- How we promote positive mental health
- How we prevent mental health problems
- How we identify and support pupils with mental health needs
- How we train and support all staff to understand mental health issues and spot early warning signs to help prevent mental health problems getting worse and support pupils
- Key information about some common mental health problems
- Where parents, staff and pupils can get advice and support

## **3. Definition of mental health and wellbeing**

We use the World Health Organisation's definition of mental health and wellbeing

*"a state of well-being in which every individual realises his or her own potential, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to make a contribution to her or his community".*

Mental health and wellbeing is not just the absence of mental health problems. We want all children/young people to:

- feel confident in themselves and be able to look after their mental health
- be able to express a range of emotions appropriately
- be able to make and maintain positive relationships with others
- be able to cope with the stresses of everyday life
- manage times of stress and be able to deal with change
- be aware of when they might need help and be confident to seek help
- learn and achieve

Following on from the recent and ongoing outbreak of Covid-19, we will support pupils with their return to schooling through prioritising their recovery and their wellbeing. We will do this by ensuring that all pupils:

- Feel a sense of calm and safety;
- Are given opportunities to reconnect with their peers and staff members;
- Feel a sense of control and ownership through individual and group responsibilities;
- Experience positivity, a sense of home, and reassurances that this experience is temporary;
- Provided with opportunities to reflect, process and share their own individual experiences;

## **4. How the policy was developed and who was consulted**

The development of this policy was led by our Mental Health lead Jayne Andrews and SENDCO Elaine Cowin in consultation with Governors, pupils and Staff.

We used the Camden example policy as the basis of our policy and welcome feedback from parents and pupils on how to adapt the policy during our annual reviews.

We organised a series of consultations to gather their views

- School council gave their views on what to teach and the best ways to teach about mental health
- Staff discussed the draft policy at a staff meeting
- Governors reviewed and ratified the policy at a Full Governing Board meeting.

In developing this policy we have taken account of

- Children and Young People's mental health: state of the nation 2016
- Education, Education, Education, Mental health 2016 (secondary)
- Promoting children and young people's emotional health and wellbeing Public Health England 2015
- Preparing to teach about mental health PSHE Association 2015
- Mental Health and Behaviour in schools DfE 2014
- Supporting pupils with medical conditions DfE 2014

#### **5. Links to other policies**

This policy links to our policies on safeguarding, supporting pupils with medical conditions, anti-bullying, PSHE and SEND strategy. It also links to our SEN Information Report. Links with the behaviour policy are especially important because behaviour, whether it is disruptive, withdrawn, anxious, depressed or otherwise, may be related to an unmet mental health need.

#### **6. A whole school approach to promoting positive mental health**

We take a whole school approach to promoting positive mental health that aims to help pupils become more resilient, be happy and successful and prevent problems before they arise.

This encompasses 7 aspects

1. Creating an ethos, policies and behaviours that support mental health and resilience that everyone understands
2. Helping pupils to develop social relationships, support each other and seek help when they need to
3. Helping pupils to be resilient learners
4. Teaching pupils social and emotional skills and an awareness of mental health
5. Early identification of pupils who have mental health needs and planning support to meet their needs, including working with specialist services
6. Effectively working with parents and carers
7. Supporting and training staff to develop their skills and resilience

We also recognise the role that stigma can play in preventing understanding and awareness of mental health issues and aim to create an open and positive culture that encourages discussion and understanding of mental health issues.

## **7. Staff-their roles and responsibilities, including those with specific responsibility**

We believe that all staff have a responsibility to promote positive mental health, and to understand about protective and risk factors for mental health. Some children will require additional help and all staff should have the skills to look out for any early warning signs of mental health problems and ensure that pupils with mental health needs get early intervention and the support they need.

All staff should use the Trauma Informed approach to identify signs and symptoms of mental health issues. Following on from Covid -19, it is essential that staff are aware that all pupils' experiences will have been different and that some pupils will require additional support over a longer period of time. It is critical that the impact on wellbeing should not be minimised, and staff should be aware that even those pupils who demonstrated positive mental wellbeing prior to the closure, may now require additional support.

All staff understand about possible risk factors that might make some children more likely to experience problems; such a physical long-term illness, having a parent who has a mental health problem, death and loss (including illness related to Covid-19), including loss of friendships, family breakdown and bullying. They also understand the factors that protect children from adversity, such as self-esteem, communication and problem-solving skills, a sense of worth and belonging and emotional literacy (*see appendix 1 on risk and protective factors*).

The Mental Health Lead *at our school is the Deputy Headteacher*

- Leads on and works with other staff to coordinate whole school activities to promote positive mental health
- Provides advice and support to staff and organises training and updates
- Keeps staff up to date with information about what support is available
- Liaises with PSHE teachers on teaching about mental health
- Is the first point of contact and communicates with mental health services
- Leads on and makes referrals to services

We recognise that many behaviours and emotional problems can be supported within the school environment, or with advice from external professionals. Some children will need more intensive support at times, and there are a range of mental health professionals and organisations that provide support to pupils with mental health needs and their families. Support includes:

- Safeguarding/Child Protection Lead
- Support staff to manage mental health needs of pupils
- SENDCO who helps staff understand their responsibilities to children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND), including pupils whose mental health problems mean they need special educational provision.
- Mental Health and mindfulness sessions for pupils built into our remote learning offer
- Mental Health and mindfulness sessions for pupils built into our Collective Worship
- Liaising with our school nurse and Camden PLSS
- Place2Be

- School counsellor who provides 1:1 therapy for pupils who are referred and offers parent sessions
- Referrals to Camden's CAMHS who can provide 1:1 therapy and group work to pupils who are referred and support staff to manage mental health needs of pupils-support can be offered in school or at an external agency

We ensure that every pupil knows who is responsible for and can help with mental health issues and publicise this through

- Collective Worship
- PSHE lessons
- The school website
- Information pupils are given when they first join the school

## **8. Supporting pupils' positive mental health**

We believe we have a key role in promoting pupils positive mental health and helping to prevent mental health problems. St. Alban's CE Primary School has developed a range of strategies and approaches including;

### *Pupil-led activities*

- Campaigns and assemblies to raise awareness of mental health
- Peer mediation and Peer mentoring
- Playground friends

### *Transition programmes*

- Transition Programme to secondary schools which includes all Year 6 pupils having a staff mentor to support a smooth transition to secondary school
- Transition programme from each year group to another

### *Whole school*

- Wellbeing week
- Anti-bullying week and activities
- Mental Health and Wellbeing lessons taught in classes and in Collective Worship
- Worry box being checked regularly
- Lunchtimes free for children to speak with Mental Health lead
- Wellbeing check in's with staff, parents and children
- Displays and information around the school about positive mental health, how to take care of our mental health, wellbeing activities and where to go for help and support in school and outside school such as local mental health services and online

### *Small group activities*

- Nurture groups
- Gardening club

We also take opportunities to investigate new evidence-based approaches e.g. Take Ten and provide information, advice and emotional and practical support during stressful times such as exams and transition to secondary schools.

### *Teaching about mental health and emotional wellbeing*

Through PSHE we teach the knowledge and social and emotional skills that will help pupils to be more resilient, understand about mental health and help reduce the stigma of mental health problems.

We recognise the impact that Covid -19 may have on pupils are therefore we have adapted our provision to ensure that there is a greater focus on wellbeing through:

- Daily wellbeing sessions (twice daily for the first two weeks of the Autumn term);
- Maintaining a curriculum emphasis on art, music, gardening and growing in order to ensure that all pupils have opportunities to be calm, explore and develop new passions;
- Increase the amount of outdoor learning provision so that pupils have the chance to connect with nature and develop reflective and inquisitive thinking along with problem solving approaches in real-life situations.

### **Primary pupils learn**

#### Key Stage 1

- To recognise, name and describe feelings including good and not so good feelings
- Simple strategies for managing feelings
- How their behaviour affects other people
- About empathy and understanding other people's feelings
- To cooperate and problem solve
- To motivate themselves and persevere
- How to calm down
- About change and loss and the associated feelings (including moving home, losing toys, pets or friends)
- The importance of talking about feelings and who to go to if they are worried
- About different types of teasing and bullying, that these are wrong and unacceptable
- How to resist teasing or bullying, if they experience or witness it, whom to go to and how to get help

#### Key Stage 2

- That mental health/wellbeing is a normal part of life, just like physical health
- That mental ill health/mental health problems are common and with support, especially if sought early, can help resolve problems
- What positively and negatively affects their mental and emotional health (including the impact of the media, isolation and loneliness)
- The benefits to mental health of physical activity, time outdoors, community participation
- The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect mood and ability to learn
- That humans experience a range of emotions in relation to different experiences and situation
- Positive and healthy coping strategies and self-care techniques, including rest, sleep time with friends and family, hobbies and interests
- About good and not so good feelings and how to recognise and talk about their emotions

- To be able to talk about the range and intensity of their feelings to others and judge whether what they are feeling is appropriate and proportionate
- To recognise and respond appropriately to a wide range of feelings in others
- To recognise that they may experience conflicting emotions and when they might need to listen to their emotions or overcome them
- About resilience
- How to motivate themselves and bounce back if they fail at something
- How to empathise and be supportive of others
- About change, including transitions (between Key Stages and schools), loss, separation, divorce and bereavement and the impact they have
- About the consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including online bullying, prejudice-based language) and the negative impact on mental wellbeing,
- About the importance of talking to someone if they are worried, recognising when they might need help and how to get help

We have mental health and wellbeing lessons embedded in the PSHE SOW and bi- weekly prayer circles to help children learn personal, social and emotional, communication and problem solving skills

## **9. Identifying, referring and supporting pupils with mental health needs**

### **Our approach is to:**

- Provide a safe environment to enable pupils to express themselves and be listened to
- Ensure the welfare and safety of pupils as paramount
- Identify appropriate support for pupils based on their needs
- Involve parents and carers when their child needs support
- Involve pupils in the care and support they have
- Monitor, review and evaluate the support with pupils and keep parents and carers updated

### **Early Identification**

Our identification system involves a range of processes. We aim to identify children with mental health needs as early as possible to prevent things getting worse. We do this in different ways including:

- Using the mental health and wellbeing survey and, to identify individuals that might need support
- Analysing behaviour, exclusions, visits to the Headteacher, DHT or Red Book, attendance and sanctions
- Staff and students report concerns about individual pupils to the Mental Health lead
- Worry boxes in central area to raise concerns which are checked by the Mental Health Lead each week (these are anonymous but give an indication of needs in a particular class)
- Support to pupils if they are bullied and support to the pupil who has bullied to ensure the bullying stops
- 'Fragile list' in the staffroom so all staff know which children to keep an eye on.
- An annual parent and student questionnaire
- Gathering information from a previous school at transfer or transition
- Home visits in Early Years and Foundation Stage

- Enabling pupils to raise concerns or self-refer directly to the Mental Health lead or to any member of staff
- Enabling parents and carers to raise concerns through SLT and all staff

All staff have had training on the protective and risk factors (see Appendix 1), types of mental health needs (see Appendix 2) and signs that might mean a pupil is experiencing mental health problems. Any member of staff concerned about a pupil will take this seriously and talk to the Mental Health Lead.

These signs might include:

- Isolation from friends and family and becoming socially withdrawn
- Express “hearing voices”
- Changes in activity or mood or eating/sleeping habits/hygiene
- Lowering academic achievement
- Talking or joking about self-harm or suicide
- Expressing feelings of failure, uselessness or loss of hope
- Secretive behaviour
- An increase in lateness or absenteeism
- Not wanting to do PE or get changed for PE
- Wearing long sleeves in hot weather
- Drugs or alcohol misuse
- Physical signs of harm that are repeated or appear non-accidental
- Repeated physical pain or nausea with no evident cause
- Persistent anxiety over Covid-19

Staff are aware that mental health needs such as anxiety might appear as non-compliant, disruptive or aggressive behaviour which could include problems with attention or hyperactivity. This may be related to home problems, difficulties with learning, peer relationships or development.

If there is a concern that a pupil is in danger of immediate harm then the school’s child protection procedures are followed. If there is a medical emergency then the school’s procedures for medical emergencies are followed.

### **Disclosures by pupils and confidentiality**

We recognise how important it is that staff are calm, supportive and non-judgemental to pupils who disclose a concern about themselves or a friend. The emotional and physical safety of pupils is paramount and staff listen rather than advise. Staff are clear to pupils that the concern will be shared with the Mental Health Lead and recorded in order to provide appropriate support to the pupil.

All disclosures are recorded in my concern, including date, name of pupil and summary of the disclosure and next steps.

### **Assessment, Interventions and Support**

All concerns are reported to the Headteacher and Mental Health Lead and recorded. We then implement our assessment system which is based on levels of need to ensure that pupils get the support they need, either from within the school or from an external specialist service. Our aim is to put in place interventions as early as possible to prevent problems escalating.

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Need</b></p> <p>The level of need is based on discussions at the regular Inclusion meetings/panel with key members of staff</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Evidence-based Intervention and Support</b>-the kinds of intervention and support provided will be decided in consultation with key members of staff, parents and pupils <i>For example</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Monitoring</b></p>
<p>Highest need</p>	<p>Early Help or CAMHS-assessment, 1:1 or family support or treatment, consultation with school staff and other agencies External agency support such as Place2be that provides 1:1 support and group work Other interventions eg art therapy</p> <p>If the school, professionals and/or parents conclude that a statutory education, health and care assessment is required, we refer to the SEND policy and SEN School Information Report.</p>	<p>All pupils needing targeted individualised support will have an Individual Care Plan drawn up setting out</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The needs of the pupils</li> <li>• How the pupil will be supported</li> <li>• Actions to provide that support</li> <li>• Any special requirements</li> </ul> <p>Pupils and parents/carers will be involved in the plan. The plan and interventions are monitored, reviewed and evaluated to assess the impact eg through a pre and post SDQ and if needed a different kind of support can be provided.</p>
<p>Some need</p>	<p>Access to in school nurture group, family support worker, school nurse, art therapy, educational psychologist, 1:1 intervention, small group intervention, skills for life/wellbeing programmes, circle of friends, support from a key member of staff</p>	<p>The Care Plan is overseen by the Mental Health Lead</p>
<p>Low need</p>	<p>General support</p>	
<p>All needs</p>	<p>Access to a supervised quiet room that pupils can go to if feeling overwhelmed and in need of some quiet time</p>	

Pupils are informed that the mental health Lead is available when a pupil is dissatisfied with the level of care and support.

### **Support for friends**

We recognise that when a pupil is experiencing mental health problems it can be challenging for their friends, who often want to help them but are not sure the best thing to do and can also be emotionally affected. In the case of eating disorders and self-harm, it is possible that friends may learn unhealthy coping strategies from each other, and we will consider on a case by case basis what support might be appropriate including one to one and group support.

We will involve the pupil who is suffering and their parents and consider what is helpful for friends to know and what they should not be told, how they can best support, things they should avoid doing/saying which may inadvertently cause upset and warning signs that their friend needs help

We will also make information available about where and how to access information and support for themselves and healthy ways of coping with the difficult emotions they may be feeling. Students can also access our Peer Support and Peer Mentoring programmes.

### **Support for pupils after inpatient treatment**

We recognise that some pupils will need ongoing support and the Mental Health Lead will meet with pupils on a regular basis. We are careful not to “label” pupils.

We have a duty of care to support pupils and will seek advice from medical staff and mental health professionals on the best way to support pupils. We will carry out a risk assessment and produce a care plan to support pupils to re-integrate successfully back to school.

When a child leaves an inpatient provision and is transitioning back to school we discuss and produce an individual plan for what needs to happen so the transition is smooth and positive

## **10. Working with specialist services to get swift access to the right specialist support and treatment**

In some case a pupil’s mental health needs require support from a specialist service. These might include anxiety, depression, self-harm and eating disorders.

We have access to a range of specialist services and with the pupil’s and family’s consent, will have regular contact with the service to review the support and consider next steps, as part of monitoring the pupils’ Individual Care Plan.

School referrals to a specialist service will be made by the Mental Health Lead or SENDCO, following the assessment process and in consultation with the pupil and his/her parents and carers. Referrals will only go ahead with the consent of the pupil and parent/carer and when it is the most appropriate support for the pupil’s specific needs.

<b>Specialist Service</b>	<b>Referral process</b>
Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)	Accessed through school, GP or self-referral
Place2be	Accessed through the Mental Health Lead
Educational Psychologist	Accessed through the Mental Health Lead

### **Special Educational Needs or Disabilities (SEND) and mental health**

Persistent mental health problems may lead to pupils having significantly greater difficulty in learning, than the majority of those of the same age. In some cases the child may benefit from being identified as having a special educational need or disability

Parents can access specialist services in St. Alban's CE Primary School local offer ([link to website](#)) or Camden's local offer ([link to website](#))

## **11. Involving parents and carers**

### *Promoting mental health*

We recognise the important role parents and carers have in promoting and supporting the mental health and wellbeing of their children, and in particular supporting their children with mental health needs.

On first entry to the school, our parent's meeting includes a discussion on the importance of positive mental health for learning. We ask parents to inform us of any mental health needs their child has and any issues that they think might have an impact on their child's mental health and wellbeing, based on a list of risk factors pertaining to the child or family (see appendix 1). It is very helpful if parents and carers share information with the school in order for adequate support to be put in place.

To support parents and carers:

- We organise a range of activities such as workshops on protective and risk factors, mindfulness, yoga and St. Alban's CE Primary School counsellor offer parents sessions
- We provide information and websites on mental health issues and local wellbeing and parenting programmes and have produced leaflets for parents on mental health and resilience, which can be accessed on the school website. The information includes who parents can talk to if they have concerns about their own child or a friend of their child and where parents can access support for themselves
- We include the mental health topics that are taught in the PSHE curriculum, on the school website
- When children start school, all parents and carers are given our mental health and resilience leaflet that includes information on how parents can support their child's mental health and where to go for help and support.

- Our annual parent questionnaire includes questions about how well the school supports children's mental health

#### *Supporting parents and carers with children with mental health needs*

We are aware that parents and carers react in different ways to knowing their child has a mental health problem and we will be sensitive and supportive. We also help to reassure by explaining that mental health problems are common, that the school has experience of working with similar issues and that help and advice are available.

When a concern has been raised the school will

- Contact parents and carers and meet with them

*In most case parents and carers will be involved in their children's interventions, although there may be circumstances when this may not happen, such as child protection issues. Children over the age of 16 are entitled to consent to their own treatment.*

- Offer information to take away and places to seek further information
- Be available for follow up calls
- Make a record of the meeting
- Agree an individual mental health care plan together with next steps
- Discuss how the parents and carers can support their child
- Keep parents and carers up to date and fully informed of decisions about the support and interventions

Parents and carers will always be informed if their child is at risk of danger and pupils may choose to tell their parents and carers themselves. We give pupils the option of informing their parents and carers about their mental health need for themselves or go along with them.

We make every effort to support parents and carers to access services where appropriate. Our primary concern are pupils, and in the rare event that parents and carers are not accessing services we will seek advice from the Local Authority. We also provide information for parents and carers to access support for their own mental health needs.

## **12. Involving pupils**

We seek pupil's views about our approach, policy, curriculum and promoting whole school mental health activities and involve them in producing information about taking care of their mental health and how to get help if they need it.

We have an annual pupil questionnaire that includes questions about how well pupils think the school supports their mental health.

We always seek feedback from pupils who have had support to help improve that support and the services they received.

## **13. Supporting and training staff**

We want all staff to be confident in their knowledge of mental health and wellbeing and to be able to promote positive mental health and wellbeing,

identify mental health needs early in pupils and know what to do and where to get help (see Appendix 3). All teaching and support staff have completed the national Mental Health First Aid training and have annual updates, to enable staff to offer an effective first response if pupils disclose they are struggling with their mental health.

In addition to training we also provide staff with the opportunity to access support in school through peer supervision and problem solving discussions.

Those staff with a specific responsibility have more specialised training and where possible access to supervision from mental health professionals

Supporting and promoting the mental health and wellbeing of staff is an essential component of a healthy school and we promote opportunities to maintain a healthy work life balance and wellbeing, such as yoga, mindfulness, and physical activities. Staff also have access to Camden’s counselling service and support organisations.

#### 14. Monitoring and Evaluation

The mental health and wellbeing policy is on the school website and hard copies are available to parents and carers from the school office. All mental health professionals are given a copy before they begin working with the school as well as external agencies involved in our mental health work.

The policy is monitored at an annual review meeting led by the Mental Health Lead and involves staff with a responsibility for mental health, including specialist services supporting the school and governors.

#### **Appendix 1 Protective and Risk factors** (adapted from *Mental Health and Behaviour DfE March 2016*)

	<b>Risk Factors</b>	<b>Protective Factors</b>
In the Child	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Genetic influences</li> <li>• Specific development delay</li> <li>• Communication difficulties</li> <li>• Physical illness</li> <li>• Academic failure</li> <li>• Low self-esteem</li> <li>• SEND</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Being female (in younger children)</li> <li>• Secure attachment experience</li> <li>• Outgoing temperament as an infant</li> <li>• Good communication skills, sociability</li> <li>• Being a planner and having a belief in control</li> <li>• Humour</li> <li>• Problem solving skills and a positive attitude</li> <li>• Experiences of success and achievement</li> </ul>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Faith or spirituality</li> <li>• Capacity to reflect</li> </ul>
In the Family	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Overt parental conflict including domestic violence</li> <li>• Family breakdown (including where children are taken into care or adopted)</li> <li>• Inconsistent or unclear discipline</li> <li>• Hostile and rejecting relationships</li> <li>• Failure to adapt to a child's changing needs</li> <li>• Physical, sexual, emotional abuse or neglect</li> <li>• Parental psychiatric illness</li> <li>• Parental criminality, alcoholism or personality disorder</li> <li>• Death and loss – including loss of friendship</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• At least one good parent-child relationship (or one supportive adult)</li> <li>• Affection</li> <li>• Clear, consistent discipline</li> <li>• Support for education</li> <li>• Supportive long term relationship or the absence of severe discord</li> </ul>
In the School	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bullying</li> <li>• Discrimination</li> <li>• Breakdown in or lack of positive friendships</li> <li>• Negative peer influences</li> <li>• Peer pressure</li> <li>• Poor pupil to teacher relationships</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clear policies on behaviour and bullying</li> <li>• 'Open door' policy for children to raise problems</li> <li>• A whole-school approach to promoting good mental health</li> <li>• Positive classroom management</li> <li>• A sense of belonging</li> <li>• Positive peer influences</li> </ul>
In the Community	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Socio-economic disadvantage</li> <li>• Homelessness</li> <li>• Disaster, accidents, war or other overwhelming events</li> <li>• Discrimination</li> <li>• Other significant life events</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wider supportive network</li> <li>• Good housing</li> <li>• High standard of living</li> <li>• High morale school with positive policies for behaviour, attitudes and anti-bullying</li> <li>• Opportunities for valued social roles</li> </ul>



*For support to develop a mental health and wellbeing policy please contact*  
[\*gill.morris@camden.gov.uk\*](mailto:gill.morris@camden.gov.uk)

*For support to use the Mental Health and Resilience Framework (developed  
by Islington) to review mental health work in schools please contact*  
[\*deborah.kaiser@camden.gov.uk\*](mailto:deborah.kaiser@camden.gov.uk)